

NDB Explorer User Guide

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1. INSTALLING AND LICENSING NDB EXPLORER

Follow the instructions in the NDB Explorer Installation and Licensing Guide which is available to download from the NDB Explorer section of the Database Services website: <u>https://www.geaerospace.com/systems/avionics/navigation-guidance/data-services</u>

2. CREATING AIRCRAFT LOADABLE MEDIA

NDB Explorer can be used to create Aircraft Loadable Media from a GE Aviation Navigation Database. This function is shown at start up, but can also be accessed in **Tools > Create Aircraft Loadable Media...**

Aircraft Loadable Med	lia Creation	×
Image File:		
Media Type: Destination Directory:		
	 Create Navigation Database Identifier Subdirectory Split for Diskettes 	
Show this screen on s	tartup OK	Cancel

NDB Explorer supports the generation of loadable media sets for use in ARINC 615 and ARINC 665 data loaders. The media set can be written to the hard drive or to diskettes. NDB Explorer will automatically provide available Media Types when an Image File is selected.

ARINC 665 Target Hardware IDs can be defined in **Tools > Preferences... > Create Media**.

The **Create Navigation Database Identifier Subdirectory** option will use the database identifier to create a uniquely identifiable top-level folder within the destination directory.

The **Split for Diskettes** option will create diskette-sized folders directly to the hard drive.

For additional guidance and troubleshooting about creating loadable media on diskettes, see <u>Appendix A</u>.



3. OPENING A NAVIGATION DATABASE

NDB Explorer will only open files that contain valid CRCs and a valid digital signature. To validate a loadable Fileset, simply open it with NDB explorer.

- •For an ARINC 615 file set on Hard Drive Open the **1NAV_U5.ND** file.
- •For an ARINC 615 file set on Diskettes Open any of the **1NAV_U5.ND** files.
- •For an ARINC 665 Platform Group A file set Open the *.LUH file.
- •For an ARINC 665 Platform Group B file set Open the *.LUH file.
- •For an ARINC 665 Platform Group C file set Open the *.LUH file.

By default, NDB Explorer will present the Navigation Databases window, which is docked on the left side of the application. All windows can be moved or floated.



NDB explorer can open a <u>GE Aviation Navigation Database</u>, an <u>aircraft loadable media set</u>, a <u>GE Aviation SQLite Export File</u>, or a <u>Gold Standard Database</u>. This is accomplished either through **File > Open...**, or by dragging the file into the Navigation Databases window.

Once a database is open, each AIRAC cycle will be available in the Navigation Databases window and a property grid will be displayed on the right side of the **Home** tab that contains each database cycle's metadata.

Right-clicking on an open database cycle will display the available actions. **Show Home** will open a new Navigation Database home tab.





4. EXPLORING YOUR NAVIGATION DATABASE

Each open database cycle has a corresponding **Home** tab. The **Home** tab contains a search box, which will auto-fill based on the entered text. The results can be filtered using the drop-down. Search for an airport to explore its terminal data.



Once found, double-click on the airport to open a new tab. All the terminal data for that airport is displayed in a new tab.

-																	
NDB Explorer 651379																	
File View Tools Help																	
Navigation Databases 🛛 💌 🖡 🕽	< Home	Home	KATL 🗙														
GEA2190101 Track 1, New Cycle	▲ K/	TL Alternate	Destinations			Path						Step Down			Turn	Altitude	
GEA2190101		Gates		s	Sequence	Terminator	Fix	Flyover	IAF	FAF	MAP	Fix	FEP	Course	Direction	Description	Altitude 1
Track 1, Old Cycle		GLSs ILSs			DEWH	Y Transition											
		MLSs			10	IF	DEWHY		~							At or Above	4000 ft
		Procedure	s		20	CF	CTEEE							95.0° M		At or Above	4000 ft
		▲ Appro L1(aches)	6) YINNZ	Transition											
		SIDs			10	IF	YINNZ		~								
		STARs			20	TF	DEWHY									At or Above	4000 ft
		Runways			30	CF	CTEFE							95.0° M		At or Above	4000 ft

Database Definition Parameters can be viewed either by selecting **Tools > View Database Definition Parameters** or by right clicking on the Navigational Database and selecting **View Database Definition Parameters**. You can view Customer Information, Geo Area Selections, and Airport Information selections.



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File Vi	ew 1	fools Help					
Navigatio	on Dat	abases 👻 🖵 🕽	< Vie	w DDP 🗙			
GEA923	80201	🔓 x	C	ustomer	Geo Areas	Airpor	ts
New		Show Home Create Aircraft Loa Export To	dable N	/ledia	•		GEA9
		View Database Det	finition	Daramete		GE5	
		Close	inition	Faramete	15		LIDO 15872 KB
	_			High	Resolution		False
				OFPs			U10.8A, U11.0
				Long N	lames		

Database Definition Parameters can be Exported by right clicking on the **Navigation Database** > Export To > PDF/SQLite > Check the Database Definition Parameters box (PDF selection only).

5. EXPORTING YOUR NAVIGATION DATABASE

5.1 EXPORT TO SQLITE

The Navigation Database Export to SQLite File is intended to provide a machine-readable view of the data, to be ingested by custom tools and applications for things like RNP-AR procedure validation, flight planning, and simulation support.

The database engine used is <u>SQLite</u>, a small, fast, self-contained, high-reliability, full-featured, SQL database engine. There are libraries available in many languages to access the data.

Export your navigation database via **Tools > Export To > SQLite...** The **Tasks** window will appear and indicate when the export is complete.

Once exported, any database browsing application compatible with SQLite can be used to open the SQLite file.

For information on the format of the data tables, the Data Dictionary for the SQLite Navigation Database Export Format is available in **Tools > Export to > SQLite... > Get Data Dictionary**.

In addition to the data tables, there are database views available for each procedure type to promote readability (v_procedure type_legs).

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1	🗟 DB	Browser for SQLite									
F	ile	Edit View Help									
ŧ		ow Databasa 🕞	Once Database	B Write Changes	Revert Chap	200					
:	0	Clinic energies - Chine energies									
1	Data	base Structure B	rowse Data Edit	Pragmas Execut	e SQL						
ſ											
	Table	: 📕 v_approach_	legs				•			New Record	d Delete Record
		airport_identifier	pproach_identifie	route_identifier	vroach_transition		approach_leg_id	sequence	effectivity	is_flyover	turn_direction
		Filter	Filter	Filter	Filter	Filter	Filter	Filter	Filter	Filter	Filter
	1	KATL	L10	DEWHY	0	15	0	10	0	0	0
	2	KATL	L10	DEWHY	0	15	1	20	0	0	0
	3	KATL	L10	YINNZ	1	15	1	20	0	0	0
	4	KATL	L10	YINNZ	1	15	2	30	0	0	0
	-	MATI	110		0	10	0	10	0	0	0



5.2 EXPORT TO PDF

The Navigation Database Export to PDF file is intended to provide a human-readable view of the data contained in either the old or the new cycle of your Navigation Database.

Export your navigation database via **Tools > Export to > PDF...** Select the destination of your report and the data type(s) that you would like included in the report. The **Tasks** window will appear and indicate when the export is complete.

Once exported, any PDF reader application can be used to open the PDF file.

6. COMPARING NAVIGATION DATABASES

NDB Explorer can compare <u>GE Aviation Navigation Databases</u>, <u>aircraft loadable media sets</u>, <u>GE Aviation SQLite Export Files</u>, or <u>Gold Standard Databases</u> to one another. This is accomplished either through **Tools > Compare...**, or right-clicking on an open database cycle.

Add one navigation database on the left and another navigation database on the right. Select the data types to be compared and click **OK**. The **Tasks** window will appear and indicate when the **Compare** is complete. In addition to comparing the individual data types, NDB Explorer can compare on Tailored or RNP-AR procedures only.

Compare Navigation Dat	abases	-		×
Left Navigation Database:				
Right Navigation Database:				
Data Types:	 All Airports Airways Alternate Destinations Approaches All Approach Types ▼ Tailored Data Only Company Routes Gates Gates GLSs Holding Patterns ILSs MLSs MORAs Navaids NDBs Path Points Refueling Tracks Runways SIDs Tailored Data Only RNP-AR Only STARs Tailored Data Only RNP-AR Only Waypoints 			
		ОК	Ca	ncel



The colored buttons at the top of the **Compare** tab allow filtering of unchanged =, changed \neq , left-side only \leftarrow , and right-side only \rightarrow data.

To view the specific changes, expand a datatype and click on the record.

NDB Ex	plorer 3	3.1.2.0 - GE Aviation	n Systems LLC									-		×
File View	Tools	Help												
Navigation D		Create Aircraft Loa	adable Media											Ŧ
ABY12302		Export To		•	÷	GEA9230201 New Cycle N:\NDBPP_Data_Archives\Luft	hansa\LufthansaGroup\LIDO\Netw	orkinstall\2302\images\	G	EA9230201 Old Cycle	hansa\lufthansaGroup\LIDO\Netw	orkinstal	I\2302\In	mages\
ABV12202		Compare			^	Holding Pattern				Holding Pattern				, and the second
Old Cycle		View Database De	efinition Parameters			 Identification 				 Identification 				
GEA92302		Gold Standard Da	tabase	•		Туре	Holding Pattern			Туре	Holding Pattern			
New Cycl	Preferences					Effectivity	New Cycle			Effectivity	Old Cycle			
GEA92302	A92302L Vieterences Dld Cycle		Gates			Associated Fix	ADUXO			Associated Fix	ADUXO			
Old Cycle			♦ GLSs			Compatible OFPs	U10.8A, U11.0	•		Compatible OFPs	U10.8A, U11.0			~
			Holding Patterns			4 Misc			11-	4 Misc				
			14GAL			Holding Pattern Type	Time Based			Holding Pattern Type	Length Based			
			14GAL			Inbound Holding Cour	239.0° Magnetic			Inbound Holding Cour	249.0° Magnetic			
			15EVS			Length				Length	5.4 nm			
			AA430			RNP				RNP				
			AA520			Time	1.5 min			Time				
			AD			Turn Direction	Right			Turn Direction	Right			
			AD											
			ADUXO											
1			AE52											

7. GOLD STANDARD DATABASES

Known good data can be imported into a separate database file, called a <u>Gold Standard</u> <u>Database</u>, for easy procedure monitoring and efficient RNP-AR validation. A Gold Standard Database can be established through **Tools > Gold Standard Database > New...**

To import data into a gold standard database, compare the Gold Standard Database to a Navigation Database. Right-click on the record to be imported and select **Import** data to database.



After a Gold Standard Database is established, new databases can be compared and any changes identified. The newly validated data can then overwrite the previous obsolete data.



	NDB Explorer 651379												-		×	
	File View Tools Help															
	Navigation Databases	• 4 ×	Home	Home	Home	KATL	Compare	Compare	Compare X	CTB References	Browse				=	
	GEA2190101 Track 1, New Cycle	×	= ≠	← →	× •	÷	Previously_Valid D:\Users\21241	lated Gold Sta 4063\Desktop	 andard b\Previously_Va	lidated.db	(GEA2190101 Track 1, New Cycle N:\NDBPP_Data_Archives\Jeppesen\JeppGroup\NetworkInstall\190				
	GEA2190101 X						+ ×				÷					
	Previously Validated		▲ Nav	aids			Navaid					Navaid				
	Freviously_validated	~		тв			DME Latit	ude	N 48° 33' 53	.80"	~	DME Latitude	N 48° 33' 53.80"		^	
Expand All				I			DME Long	itude	W 112° 20' 3	35.70*		DME Longitude	W 112° 20' 35.70"			
Collapse All							VOR Latitu	ıde	N 48° 33' 53	.80"		VOR Latitude	N 48° 33' 53.80"			
Overwrite CTB	on PreviouslyValidated						VOR Long	itude	W 112° 20' 3	35.70*		VOR Longitude	W 112° 20' 35.70"			
Delete CTB fro	m PreviouslyValidated						▲ Misc					▲ Misc				
Find All Refere	nces in GEA2190101 Track 1,	New Cycl	e	1			Associated	d Facility				Associated Facility				
				1			Elevation		3790 ft			Elevation	3790 ft			
							Figure Of	Merit	Low Altitude			Figure Of Merit	Low Altitude			
							Frequency		114.40 MHz			Frequency	113.35 MHz			
							ILS/DME F	liar	0.0 nm			ILS/DME Biar	0.0 nm			

Date, time, and comment history of every change is stored in the Gold Standard Database. This history can be viewed by browsing to each record within the Gold Standard Database.

/3/2019 04:16:52 P	M: Overwrite from GEA2190101 New Cycle
he Cut Bank VOR fre	quency change from 114.40 MHz to 113.35 MHz has been confirmed in the USA source day

8. VIEWING THE LATERAL PATH

NDB Explorer displays a top-down graphical lateral path of the procedures, airways, and company routes in your NDB. The lateral path is overlaid on a map which is populated with background data also extracted directly from your NDB.

The background data symbols are derived from the FAA's Aeronautical Chart User's Guide.





NDB Explorer can also export the displayed lateral path to a <u>KML</u> file, which can be viewed in <u>Google EarthTM</u>. Google Earth[™] is a trademark of Google LLC.

9. LICENSABLE FEATURES AND SUPPORT

The following features require an additional software Premium License:

- Viewing the Lateral Path
- Exporting to SQLite and PDF
- Comparing 2 different navigation databases
- Comparing a navigation database to a Gold Standard Database

To extend an existing software license, request a free NDB Explorer Premium License trial, or for technical support please visit the <u>Systems Navigation & Guidance – Contact Us</u> page.



A. APPENDIX A: CREATING LOADABLE MEDIA ON DISKETTES

Floppy disks and floppy drives are an aging medium and can cause issues when loading databases. If it is at all possible, it is recommended to use alternatives to floppy disks when loading Navigation Databases. GE Aviation has tested many datasets on newly purchased floppy disks and found that the failure rate of an individual floppy disk was approximately 30%. If it is unavoidable to use floppy disks, GE Aviation recommends following manufacturer guidance for cleaning and maintaining floppy disks and floppy drives. This includes floppy drives used to generate the loadable media, the 615 data loader and the floppy disks themselves. It is recommended that you check with your aircraft manufacturer and data loader manufacturer for upgrade options.

To use NDB Explorer to generate loadable media on floppy disks, select ARINC 615 Media to Diskette(s). Select your Image File and the Destination Floppy Drive. If any disk already contains files, NDB Explorer will erase them. Follow the prompts from NDB Explorer until the media set is successfully created.

If you typically have issues with floppies, it is recommended that you confirm the floppy disks were written successfully by loading the media set written on the floppy disks back into NDB Explorer. To do this, see: <u>Opening a Navigation Database</u>. If NDB Explorer fails to open the media set, it is likely you have a bad floppy disk. Regenerate the media set and replace the physical floppy disk that failed to load. Note that the media set being loaded by NDB Explorer verifies that database was successfully written to the diskette(s) but does not guarantee it will load on the aircraft due to the unreliability of floppy disks.

A.1 FLOPPY TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDANCE

If, after generating the media set and verifying it can load in NDB Explorer, there are still issues loading the media set to the aircraft, here are some general guidelines other users have used and have had some success with. These tips are not guaranteed to resolve all loading issues but have been helpful in the past.

- 1.) Try reaching out to the aircraft manufacturer and determine if it is possible to use another medium other than floppy disks to load your Navigation Database. If it is not, investigate possible upgrades to your hardware that are no longer dependent on floppy disks.
- 2.) Try to clean the hardware responsible for generating and loading the media. This includes, but is not limited to, the floppy drive, the data loader and the floppy disks themselves. Contact the manufacturer and follow their guidance for cleaning any and all devices.
- 3.) Try generating multiple copies of the floppy media set to bring out to the plane. This will allow swapping out disks that may fail during loading. For instance, if disk 3 fails, you can retry by replacing disk 3 with another disk 3 from an identical media set.
- 4.) Try checking all your floppy disks for bad sectors. This can help you eliminate faulty floppy disks. See section 2.1.2 for guidance on how to check a floppy for bad sectors.



5.) Try formatting the floppy disks. This can be done by right clicking on the floppy drive with a floppy disk in it and clicking "Format...". Users have used Quick and Full Formats.

A.2 CHECKING A FLOPPY FOR BAD SECTORS

This should only be done by advanced users looking to determine if their floppy disk has detectable bad sectors.

Open the "Run" dialog in Windows by pressing Windows key + R. In the dialog, type in "cmd".

🖅 Run		×
	Type the name of a program, folder, document, or Internet resource, and Windows will open it for you.	
Open:	cmd ~	*
	OK Cancel <u>B</u> rowse	

A command window will be displayed. From here, type "A:" (or the appropriate drive letter corresponding to your floppy drive). Hit enter. Next, type "chkdsk" and hit enter. The results will look like the following:



Look for the text "bad sectors" in the chkdsk results.



1 4	457	664	bytes total disk space.	
	709	120	bytes in 2 files.	
	1	536	bytes in bad sectors. 🧲	
1	747	008	bytes available on disk.	
		512	bytes in each allocation unit.	
	2	847	total allocation units on disk.	
	1	459	allocation units available on disk.	

It is recommended to replace any disk containing bad sectors.